

The Evening Standard

An Independent Newspaper
(ESTABLISHED 1870.)



SMUDGING IS A SUCCESS.

The orchardists of Weber county admit that smudging is a demonstrated success. They saved their peach crop by the use of the coal and oil burners, while other parts of the state lost by failure to resort to the artificial heat.

There are many orchards in Weber county which were not smudged in which a good crop of peaches will be gathered this summer, but they were favorably situated in regard to the frost belt and the canyon wind, but they are the exception which proves the rule.

Smudging is recognized by horticulturalists as the best kind of insurance against crop failure and it will grow in favor as the results become better recognized.

HIGH TELEPHONE CHARGES.

A communication in another column of this paper deals with the Bell Telephone monopoly in Utah and advocates the enforcing of the law which is supposed to operate to prevent such a monopoly.

If the Bell Telephone company has absorbed the Independent company, Ogden should insist on the two telephones being supplied at the cost of one, or proceed to force one system out of the local field. As it is today, Ogden merchants, professional men and many residents are forced to pay a double price for a telephone service that could be better performed by either the Bell alone or the Independent.

With both telephones under one domination, it means a taxation for telephone service double that which is fair and reasonable.

KIDNAPING THE LOS ANGELES DYNAMITERS

The Standard was one of the first papers to fearlessly condemn the assassins who blew up the Los Angeles Times building and sacrificed so many lives, and this paper will continue in denunciation of the assassins regardless of the murderers' alliance, but it does not approve of the high-handed methods resorted to by William J. Burns in kidnaping those charged with the awful crime in Los Angeles.

This paper opposed the "railroading" of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone from Colorado to Idaho, and it will persist in opposition to any such irregularities in criminal work, even though the evidence against those under suspicion be seemingly overwhelming.

The object of modern criminal law is to lessen criminality. The old idea was to inflict punishment in revenge. Today the law should know no spirit of vengeance. The effort should be simply to deter the criminally inclined. But here we have an example of the knock-down-and-drag-out policy in which the ends are made to justify the means. As in the Orchard case in Idaho, the rough tactics of the detectives and the failure to regard the rights vouchsafed by the law will embitter thousands of union men in the United States, increase disrespect for the law, and widen the breach between capital and labor—a condition to be viewed with a feeling of uncertainty as to what the future will bring forth.

We went to war with Spain because of Weyerism in Cuba with its repugnant policy of throwing men into prison and holding them incommunicado. Here we have a repetition of Weyerism in which privately hired detectives are allowed to spirit away men accused of crime and hold them in a secret prison for eight days. Though they be guilty of the crime charged, the accused should be accorded the rights which the law is supposed to grant to all citizens. If detectives in tracing a crime can secretly arrest men and hold them prisoners in a secret dungeon, or jail, or room, then the liberty of every man, guilty or not guilty of crime, is endangered.

We admire Burns as a detective of wonderful ability and we are of the opinion he has the right men in custody, but the sleuth should be curbed and forced to conform to the exact letter of the law, in the upholding of which he is supposed to be laboring. He should not be allowed to be judge, jury and high executioner and, prejudging those he has trailed, throw them into secret prisons, there to be held in disregard of the bill of rights granted by the fundamental law of this land of liberty in which all men are presumed to be innocent until convicted by due process of law.

In dealing with these labor leaders, we are dealing with their followers who have long felt that the strong arm of the law is too often employed to advance the cause of the capitalist in a manner devoid of justice. With that distrust present and to be reckoned with, no step should have been taken by the officers in pursuit of the Los Angeles Times murderers that was other than in strict conformity with the law. There is a higher purpose to be served than the bringing of the assassins to the scaffold and that is to impress the American workman—the unionist—with the absolute fairness and impartiality of those in authority.

When union criminals in this war of labor are "railroaded" to jail, the moral effect of the arrests and prosecution is in great part lost by being overshadowed by the display of the might of a detective force that is as disregarding of the limitations of the law as the men they have hounded and brought to bay.

WATCHING FOR PREY.

One of the common menaces to the woolgrowers' flocks upon the range are the wolves and coyotes who swoop down upon the sheep at night and carry off the young and innocent lambs. The flockmaster is handicapped to a great extent when he turns his hands of sheep on the range, for his opportunity to fully protect the flock is small. The herder, even though he is always on the alert, cannot prevent a wary wolf or coyote from sneaking in and carrying off a lamb before he can get around his herd.

The above is recalled to one's mind on a Saturday night after passing one of the dance halls at the end of a public dance. For instance, last Saturday night in front of one of the halls there were counted no less than fifty young chaps, all lined up along the curbstone, waiting to "grab" the young girls without a male escort. If the young woman can muster courage enough to run the gauntlet before the greedy, staring eyes of the shallow-minded youths it is almost a ten to one bet that one of the gang will hurl some remark at her before she has gone twenty steps, or will follow and attempt to force his attentions upon her.

This condition has existed in this city every Saturday night during the past winter and spring and will probably continue to exist until force is brought to bear to break it up. While clearing the dance hall entrances it might also be well to keep the mashers moving on the street corners and on Twenty-fifth street between Washington and Grant avenues, where they are as thick as a swarm of bees on a summer afternoon.

ADVERTISING A RAILROAD.

One can hardly pick up a western newspaper or an eastern magazine but what a large and attractive ad of the Union Pacific greets the eye. The advertisement appeals to the traveler as it does to the homeseeker, it being descriptive of the scenery and resources and golden opportunity of the Great West.

The credit for the publicity campaign now being conducted by the Union Pacific, which does more to advertise Ogden than anything else, is from the inventive brain of Gerrit Fort, the passenger traffic manager of the road.

Mr. Fort was born in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and had his first experience in passenger service with the New York Central under George H. Daniels, then general passenger agent. Mr. Fort entered the service of the New York Central in 1888 and remained there until 1897, when he was appointed secretary of the Central Passenger association in Chicago.

He left this association in 1900 to become assistant general passenger agent of the Union Pacific at Omaha, and returned to the New York Central in 1907, becoming general passenger agent of the New York Central lines east of Buffalo, comprising the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, the West Shore and the Boston & Albany railroads, in the early part of 1910. He remained in that position but a few months, when an invitation was extended to him to go back to the Union Pacific as passenger traffic manager, and his jurisdiction has since been extended to include the Oregon Short Line.

Mr. Fort, like many men who attain positions of responsibility and power in the business world, and especially those who direct the activities of a large staff, is of a simple character, open and frank in all his dealings, and by his sincerity and engaging personality inspires confidence in those who work under him. He enjoys to a remarkable degree the affection and esteem of his subordinates. He never condemns a man without an impartial hearing, and will not allow his judgment to be swayed by personal likes or dislikes. He is eminently fair in all his dealings with his staff and the public as well. This in itself is a great help in building up a successful career and, in addition, his keenness of perception, sound judgment, wide training in the railroad field, both east and west, and his ready grasp of affairs have made Mr. Fort one of the foremost passenger traffic men in the United States.

It goes almost without saying that Mr. Fort is wide-awake and progressive. While a man who keeps his poise almost perfectly, he is always ready to listen to a suggestion and quickly separate the wheat from the chaff. He is a thorough believer in effective advertising and is not afraid to adopt new methods, but they must have something more than newness or novelty to recommend them. No smooth gentleman can put anything by him or talk him into doing anything his judgment disapproves.

Another characteristic is his quick discrimination between matters of import and those of minor consideration. He knows what is big and what is little, and does not waste time over matters that may just as well be left to his subordinates.

If there is one point on which he is more insistent than another it is that every one under his jurisdiction—clerks in the general office, ticket agents and solicitors—shall always treat the public with the utmost consideration, and never by word or action give offense. He knows that the best way to gain and hold business is to promote good feeling among the patrons of his road and let it be seen that everything possible is being done for their comfort. His is the attitude of the wise and conciliatory merchant in dealing with his customers. He has transportation to sell and wants his purchasers to feel that they are entitled to and will receive careful and courteous consideration.

Mr. Fort's record in all the positions he has held is an enviable one, and his friends confidently predict that he will win further successes in the transportation field.

FRIED "SPUDS" VS. POPCORN.

It only will be a short time before the new menace for the popcorn and peanut vendor, the "pomme frites" man, with his French fried potatoes, will reach Ogden from Chicago, where he has recently put in an appearance and is doing a thriving business.

Talk about profits in beer or in raising chickens, skunks or fancy dogs, why this fried spud industry has it all beaten, for the amount of potato sold for 5 cents, enough to satisfy an appetite that hasn't gone too long unattended to, doesn't cost much of anything. The pushers are of the ordinary type, but covered. A coke brazier is inserted through the flooring, over which is placed the large iron cauldron holding the fat obtained from beef suet. Raw potatoes, after being pared, are pressed through a special cutting machine, coming out in long, narrow, four-sided pieces. These are immediately put into the boiling fat and in several minutes are thoroughly cooked. They are then salted and sold in small paper cornucopias just as popcorn is at a circus.

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	7	1	.875
Chicago	6	2	.750
Pittsburgh	4	3	.571
New York	4	3	.571
Boston	3	6	.333
Cincinnati	2	4	.333
St. Louis	2	5	.286
Brooklyn	2	6	.250

Pittsburgh 1, Cincinnati 0.
CINCINNATI, April 23.—Adams won

a pitchers' battle from Gaspar today here, Pittsburgh getting the decision by 1 to 0. Honors were even up to the ninth. Score:
Pittsburgh R. H. E.
Cincinnati 1 6 0
Batteries—Adams and Gibson, Gaspar and T. Clark.

Chicago 7, St. Louis 0.
ST. LOUIS, April 23.—Chicago made a clean sweep of the series with the local team, winning today's game 7 to 0. Golden was hit hard. On the other hand, St. Louis got two hits from Weaver. It was the fourth consecutive victory for the Cubs. Score:
R. H. E.
Chicago 7 1 1

Plenty of Heat in the Iron None in the Room

This is the ELECTRIC FLAT IRON that makes Tuesday a day of comfort instead of a day of toil.

It appeals to every housewife because it saves time, labor and perspiration.

It Does the Work Right

COSTS FIVE CENTS AN HOUR TO OPERATE.

Telephone Us Today and We Will Have One Sent to You for Thirty Days' Trial Free.

Both Telephones, 102

Utah Light & Railway Co.

"ELECTRICITY FOR EVERYTHING."

St. Louis 0 2 4
Batteries—Weaver and Archer; Golden, Lughermilk and Brennan.

COAST LEAGUE.

Portland 17, Los Angeles 3.
PORTLAND, April 23.—Score:
R. H. E.
Los Angeles 3 7 2
Portland 17 13 3
Batteries—Frisen, Wheeler and Klen; Henderson and Murray.

Broke Even.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—Score:
Morning game—R. H. E.
Sacramento 5 2 1
San Francisco 0 4 3
Batteries—Zamlock and La Longe; Miller and Ryan.
Afternoon game—R. H. E.
Sacramento 3 12 1
San Francisco 4 9 1
Batteries—Nourse and La Longe; Henley and Harry.

Vernon Wins Double-Header.

LOS ANGELES, April 23.—Score:
Morning game—R. H. E.
Vernon 2 6 0
Oakland 1 4 3
Batteries—Raleigh and Brown; Kilroy and Pearce.
Afternoon game—R. H. E.
Vernon 3 8 1
Oakland 2 9 0
Batteries—Castleton and Hogan; Knight and Mitze.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.

Spokane 3, Portland 1.
SPOKANE, April 23.—Score:
R. H. E.
Portland 1 4 3
Spokane 3 6 1
Batteries—Tonneson, Garret and Harris; Kraft and Hasty.

Seattle 9, Vancouver 3.
VANCOUVER, April 23.—Score:
R. H. E.
Vancouver 3 9 1
Seattle 9 7 2
Batteries—Cates, Brinker and Lewis; Zuckert and Shea.

Victoria 3, Tacoma 2.
TACOMA, April 23.—Score:
R. H. E.
Victoria 3 6 2
Tacoma 2 1 1
Batteries—Thomas and Dashwood; Schmutz and Devoght.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Lincoln—Lincoln 4, Denver 6.
At Wichita—Wichita 9, Topeka 5.
At Omaha—Omaha 13, Des Moines 5.
At St. Joseph—St. Joseph City 9, St. Joseph 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Louisville—Louisville 6, St. Paul 0.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, Minneapolis 7.
At Columbus—Columbus 3, Kansas City 2.
At Toledo—Toledo 2, Milwaukee 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Won. Lost. P.C.
Detroit 7 1 .875
Washington 4 2 .667
New York 4 2 .667
Boston 4 3 .571
Cleveland 4 5 .444
Chicago 4 5 .444
St. Louis 3 7 .300
Philadelphia 1 6 .143

Detroit 4, St. Louis 3.
DETROIT, April 23.—Stange's single to the center field, scoring Delahanty, enabled Detroit to take the opening game from St. Louis today, 4 to 3. George was wild, but received great support in pinches. Score:
R. H. E.
St. Louis 3 4 2

Detroit 4 9 1
Batteries—George and Clark; Mullin and Stange.

Cleveland 5, Chicago 2.
CHICAGO, April 23.—Cleveland defeated Chicago here today in the first game of the series, 5 to 2. Chicago bunched hits in the second and ninth innings and scored two runs. Score:
R. H. E.
Chicago 2 6 0
Cleveland 5 10 1
Batteries—Olmstead, Scott, Haker and Payne; Gregg and Smith.

TRUTH CROPS OUT

Why Pile Sufferers So Often Fail To Get Relief.

Science is getting to the bottom of everything, including the cause and cure of piles. The brightest doctors now admit that piles are caused internally and can be cured only by internal treatment. Dr. J. S. Leonard has some time ago perfected a remedy in tablet form—Hem-Roid, which cures the cause of piles, and therefore cures permanently. It is sold by Bader's Pharmacy, Ogden, Utah, under money-back guarantee. \$1 for 24 days' treatment. Dr. Leonard Co., Station B, Buffalo, N. Y. Write for booklet.

NO WARM WEATHER FOR SEVERAL DAYS

WASHINGTON, April 23.—No warm weather may be expected over North America for several days at least, if the bureau's deductions tonight from the distribution of pressure are borne out.
The principal storm is expected to reach the Pacific coast during Monday or Tuesday night, heading east, with accompanying rains, and reaching the Atlantic states by Thursday or Friday.

ASSESSMENT NO. 11.

OGDEN-LUCIN COPPER COMPANY, New Southland District, Box Elder County, Utah. Principal place of business, Ogden, Utah.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Ogden-Lucin Copper Company, a corporation, held at the office of E. A. Stratford, at Ogden, Utah, Wednesday, the 29th day of March, 1911, an assessment of 2 1/2 mills per share was levied upon the outstanding capital stock of the corporation, payable to E. A. Stratford, secretary and treasurer of the company, at his office, Room 411, First National Bank Building, 2348 Washington Avenue, Ogden, Utah, on or before April 15, 1911. Any stock upon which said assessment may be unpaid on the 15th day of May, 1911, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold at my office on the 31st day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, to pay delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.
This assessment was levied for the purpose of liquidating the debts of the company.
E. A. STRATFORD, Secretary.
Room 411 First National Bank Bldg., Ogden, Utah, 2348 Washington Ave. (Seal) Dated March 29, 1911.
(First publication April 3, 1911.)

NEVER DESPAIR.

At a St. Patrick's day dinner in Boston Senator Lodge once said: "Low as was Ireland's estate then, there was no cause for despair. No estate is ever so low but that it might be lower. Like the woodsawyer's case, you know."
"You need exercise, violent exercise, that's what you need," a doctor

EXPERIENCE OR EXPERIMENT TAKE YOUR CHOICE

Either is a costly teacher, so why not let the other fellow foot the bill and profit by what he has bought.

If you EXPERIENCE that satisfying effect imparted by

CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEES

you'll stop experimenting

QUALITY IN ALL

GOOD.....25c and 30c per lb.
BETTER.....35c and 40c per lb.
BEST.....40c per lb.
Don't accept a substitute.

J. S. CARVER & SONS

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS,
2354 WASH. AVE.

FOR THE BEST BREAD

cake or biscuits, use

RIVERDALE FLOUR

and you will not be disappointed. It insures successful baking. A good reason—the Quality and Value is there.

Ogden Milling & Elevator Co.

CRIPPLED SHOE SPECIALIST

No matter what they look like, you will get them back new.



In 15 minutes,
OGDEN SHOE
REPAIR FACTORY
233 2nd Street.

once said to this woodsawyer, 'What is your business, my man?'
'I'm a woodsawyer, sir.'
'Well,' said the doctor, 'suppose you don't grease your saw for a month or so.'—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

READ THE CLASSIFIED PAGE.

Have Your Ticket Read "Burlington" FOR DIVERSE ROUTES EAST

TO	SPECIAL RATES	ROUND TRIP
Chicago		\$55.00
St. Louis		49.00
St. Paul		52.00
Peoria		51.10
Kansas City, St. Joseph		
Omaha, Council Bluffs		40.00
Leavenworth, Atchison		

DATES OF SALE

May 20, 24, 26 and 27.
June 3, 7, 10, 14, 17 and 21.
July 6, 22 and 26.
August 16.
September 2 and 6.

NOTE WHERE BURLINGTON TRAINS RUN:

Denver and Omaha, Chicago.
Denver, St. Joseph, St. Louis.
Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis.
Kansas City and St. Louis.
Kansas City and Chicago.
Kansas City and Omaha.
Omaha, Peoria, Chicago.
Omaha and St. Louis.
St. Paul and Chicago, St. Louis.

It requires an extensive combination of railroads east of the Rockies to include the diverse routes possible in "Burlington" trains.

R. F. NESLEN, General Agent,
307 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.



SPRINTER SHOE

Greatest Child's Shoe Ever Made.

Goodyear Welted, Natural Shaped

Last. Hard to Wear Out.

Perfect for Growing Feet.

Best Leather Used.



We carry a full line of Hosiery for Men, Women and Children. Deserving of Special Mention is Our Complete Line of Summer Sox for the Little Fellows.



OGDEN'S MOST POPULAR SHOE STORE.

WE SHINE YOUR SHOES, 5c.